Name: $\qquad$

## Chemistry: Conversion Factors

Below are some conversion factors used in the SI System, and which we will use in this class.

| kilo- $=\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ | $\underline{\text { centi- }=\mathbf{1 / 1 0 0}}$ | $\underline{\text { milli- }=\mathbf{1 / 1 0 0 0}}$ | Other Conversions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1 \mathrm{~kg}=1000 \mathrm{~g}$ |  | $1000 \mathrm{mg}=1 \mathrm{~g}$ | $1 \mathrm{~mL}=1 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{~km}=1000 \mathrm{~m}$ | $100 \mathrm{~cm}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ | $1000 \mathrm{~mm}=1 \mathrm{~m}$ | $1 \mathrm{~L}=1 \mathrm{dm}^{3}$ |
| $1 \mathrm{~kL}=1000 \mathrm{~L}$ |  | $1000 \mathrm{~mL}=1 \mathrm{~L}$ | $1 \mathrm{~cm}=10 \mathrm{~mm}$ |

Solve each of the following problems. Show the correct set-up and always use units.

1. Determine the number of mm in 1600 m .
2. Determine the number of $m$ in 1600 mm .
3. Determine the number of mm in 14.3 cm .
4. How many seconds are in 4.3 years?
5. Convert $2875 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ to liters.
6. The density of lead $(\mathrm{Pb})$ is $11.34 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cm}^{3}$. Find the density of Pb in $\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{dm}^{3}$.
7. Convert 5.2 cm of magnesium $(\mathrm{Mg})$ ribbon to mm of Mg ribbon.
8. Convert 0.049 kg sulfur $(\mathrm{S})$ to g of S .
9. Convert 0.020 kg of tin $(\mathrm{Sn})$ to mg of Sn .
10. Convert 150 mg of acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin) to g of aspirin.
11. Convert 2500 mL of hydrochloric acid ( HCl ) to L of HCl .
12. A metallurgist is making an alloy that consists of 325 g of chromium (Cr) and 2.5 kg of iron (Fe). Find the total mass of the mixture in kg .
13. How many mL of water $\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)$ will it take to fill a 2 L bottle that already contains 1.87 L of $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ?
14. Convert 150 cm of copper $(\mathrm{Cu})$ wire into mm of Cu wire.
15. Convert 0.5 g of sodium ( Na ) to kg of Na .
